

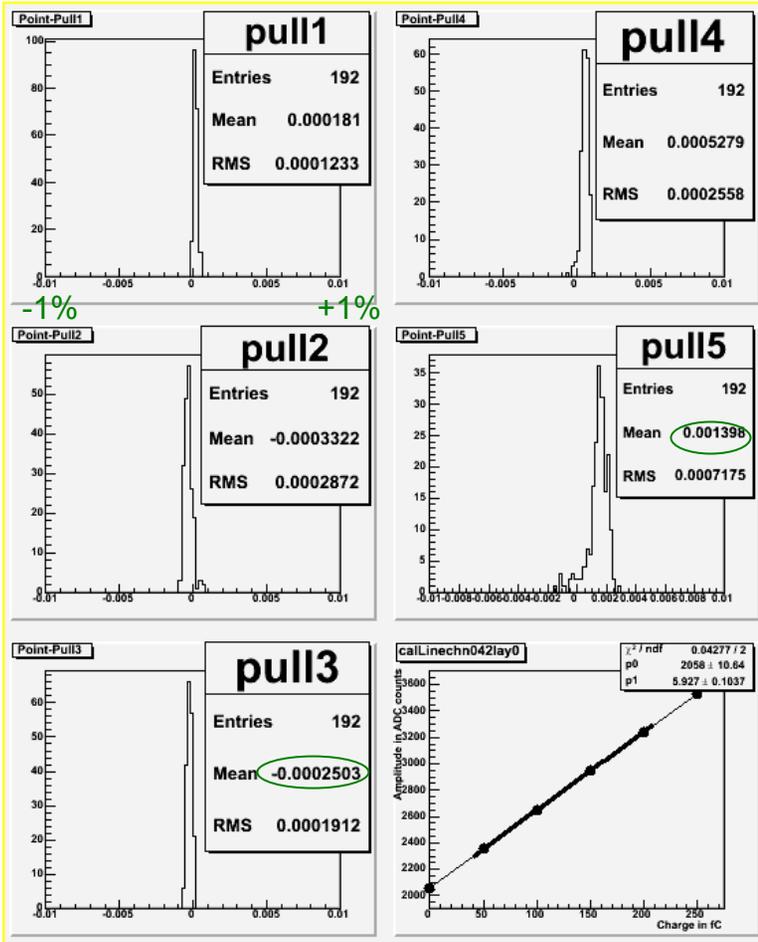
Please, read the notes below, let me know if you something looks to be not clear. I can update some pictures if needed.

- Pages 1-4 Pulser linearity has been checked. At each calibration point we calculated difference between calibration curve and measurement: $L = (\text{fitted-measured})/\text{measured}$. L has been histogrammed for each layer. BNL pulser is linear with better than 0.3% accuracy in all dynamic amplitude range 0-4000ADC. The linearity check(pages1-4) and calibration(pages4-6) are shown for different datasets (different chambers, so please not compare).
- Pages 4-6 ROD Calibration procedure, for each channel the linear fit is performed(see next page):
signal in ADC = $a_0 + k \cdot (\text{charge in mV of pulser})$
The x axis units are in pulser mV (not fC as printed).
The crosstalk coefficients for ASMI of Revision E are used.
- Page 7 Cross-talks in electronics. TB revision is shown.
- Pages 8 RATPAC testbed Production summary results are shown for ~100 assembled ASMIIs (GLINK 1 only=half layer)
 1. Noise RMS
 2. Fitted amplitude at the 3rd calibration point (corresponding to 1000 ADC gain)
 3. Calibration intercept
 4. Calibration slope (reverse calibration coefficient in mV/ADC, where mV of pulser)
 5. NO CROSSTALKS at full functionality check
 6. Note, calibration is different from (reversed to) the ROD one: charge in mV = $a_0 + k \cdot (\text{signal in ADC of pulser})$

Statistics is around 9000, namely 96 channels per glink times 100 ASMIIIs.

Linearity Check Layer 1

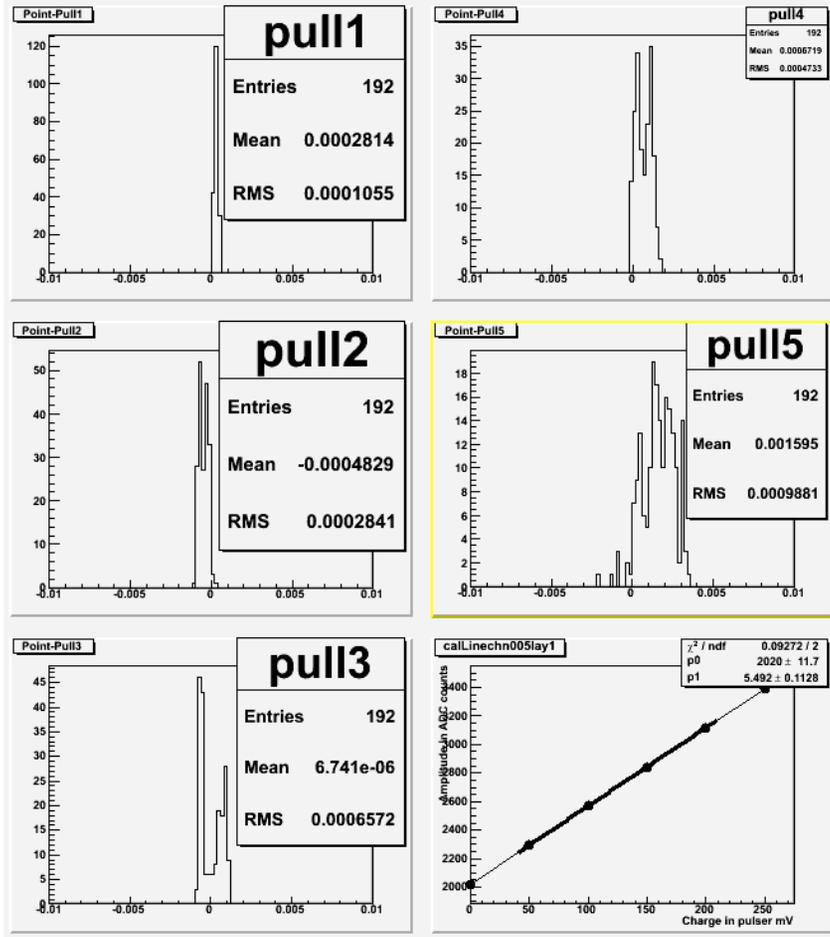
BNL pulser



* parameter of the linear fit p1 is calibration constant K or slope

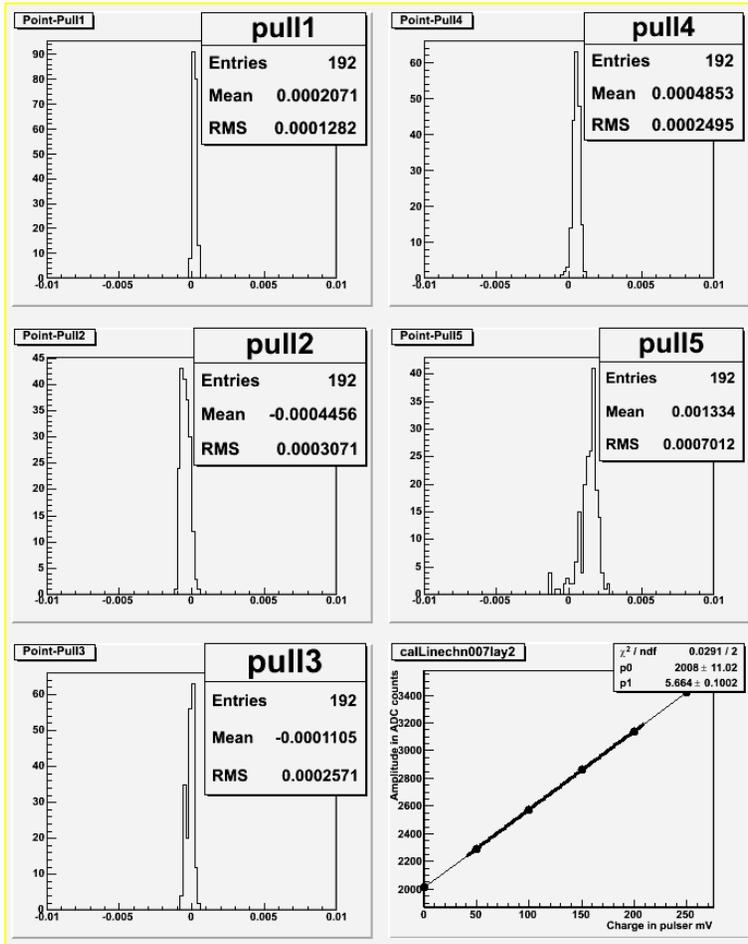
Linearity Check Layer 2

BNL pulser



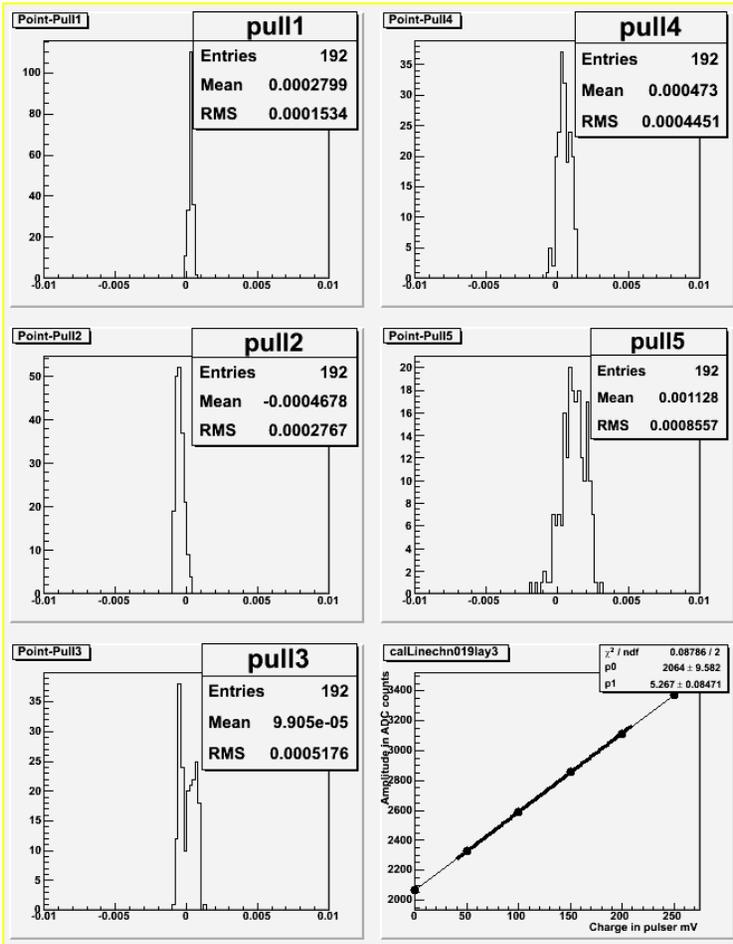
Linearity Check Layer 3

BNL pulser

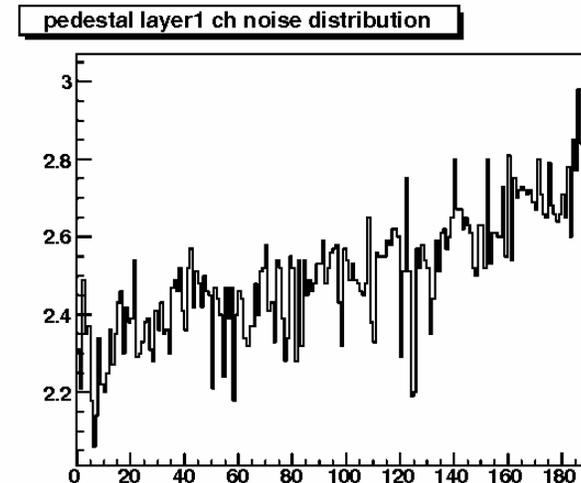
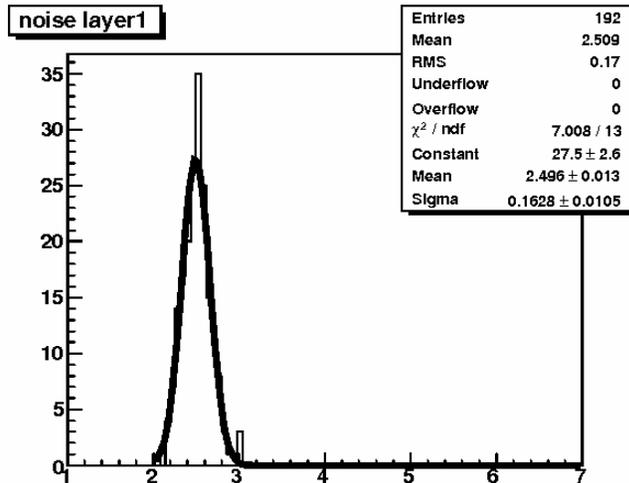
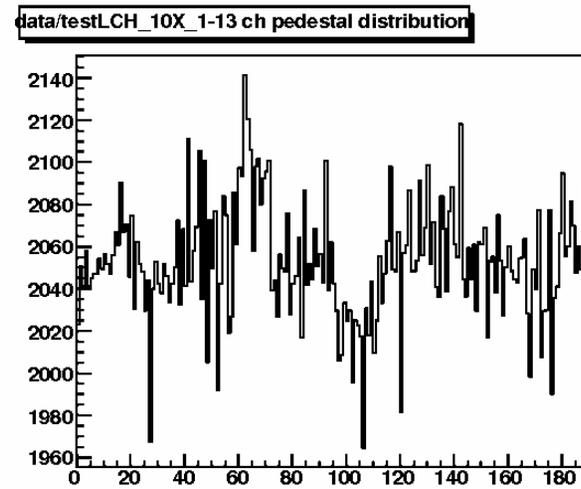
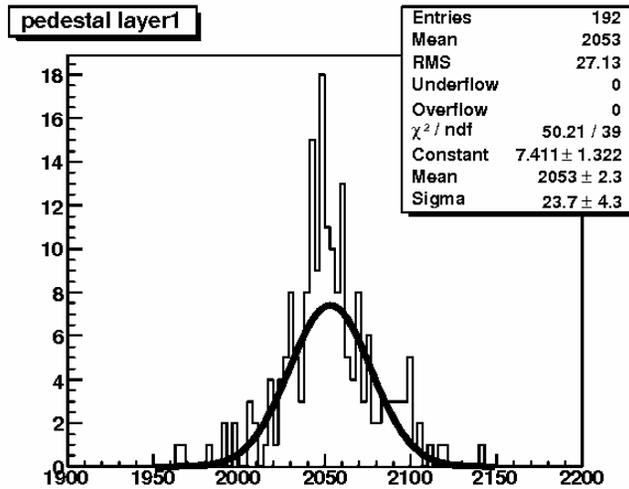


Linearity Check Layer 4

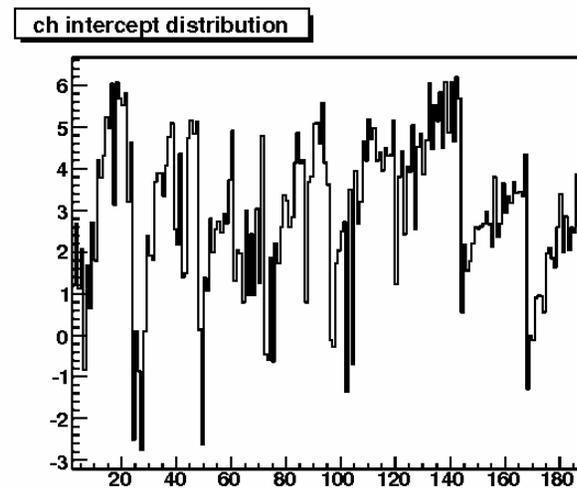
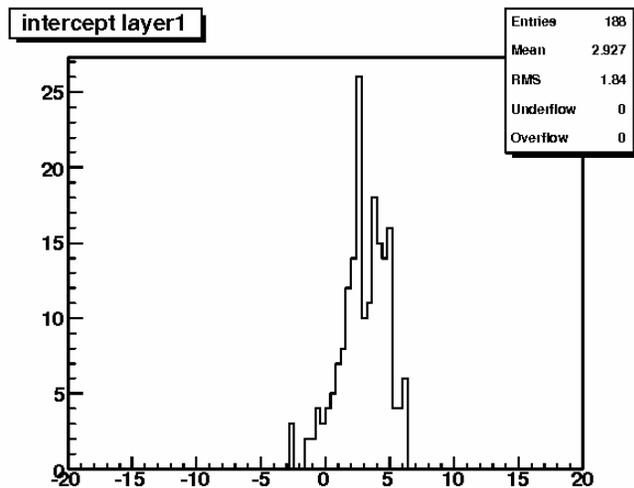
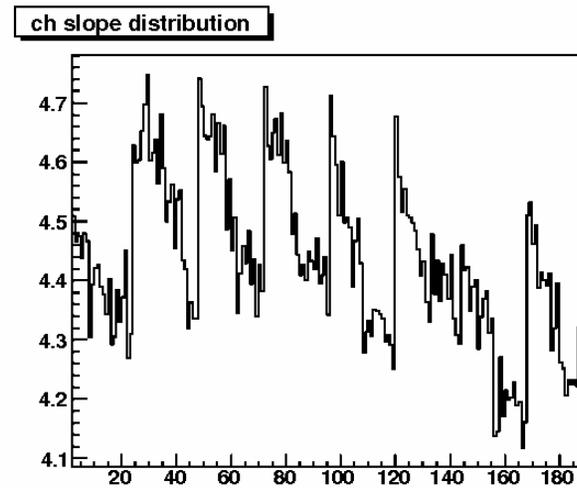
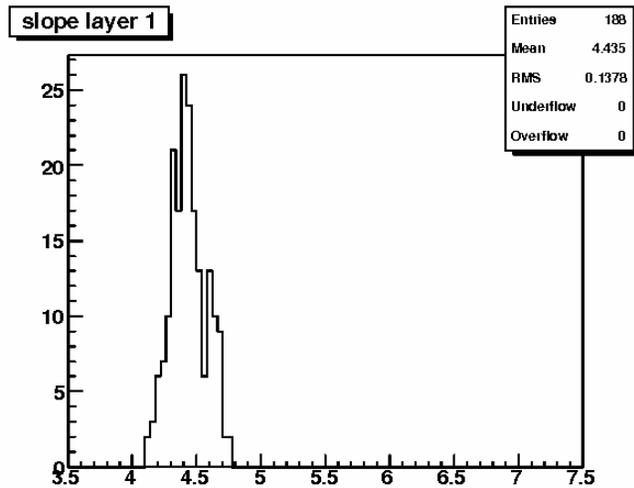
BNL pulser



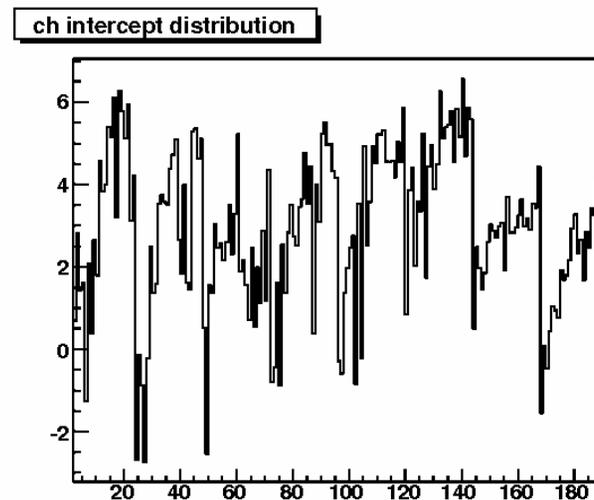
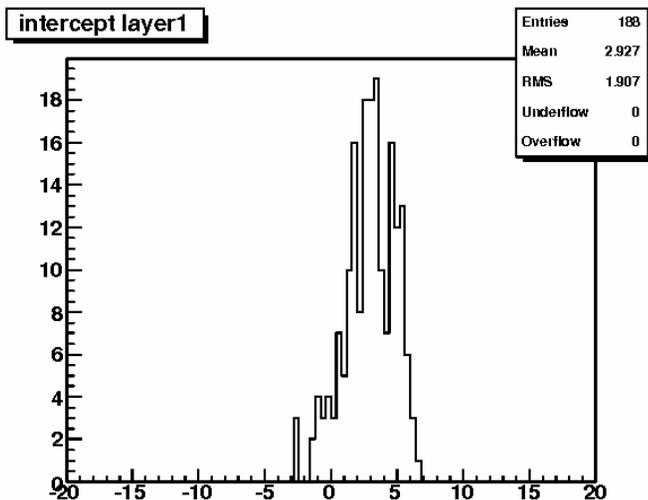
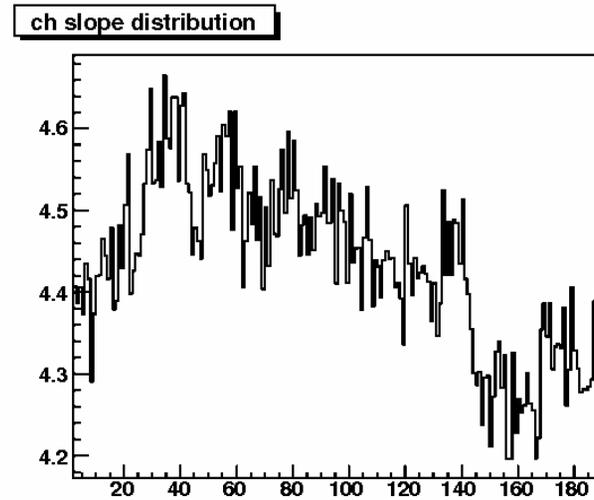
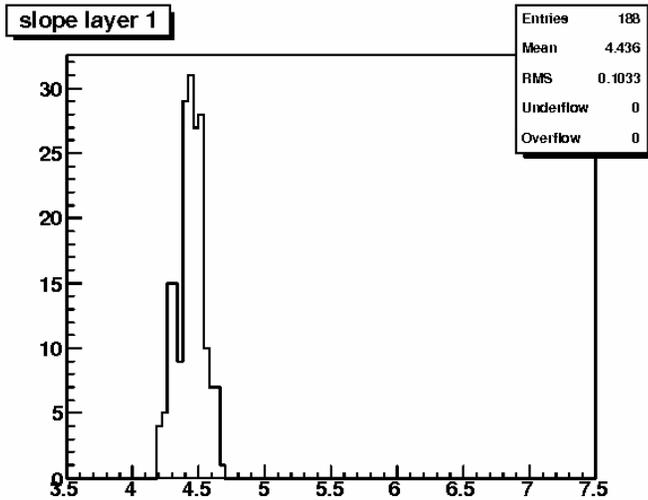
Example Large chamber #10. Precision strip side (X). Pedestal and Noise distributions. ROD data.



Example Large chamber #10. Precision strip side (X). No crosstalk. ROD data.



Example Large chamber #10. Precision strip side (X). Crosstalk corrections applied ROD data



Cross talks in electronics

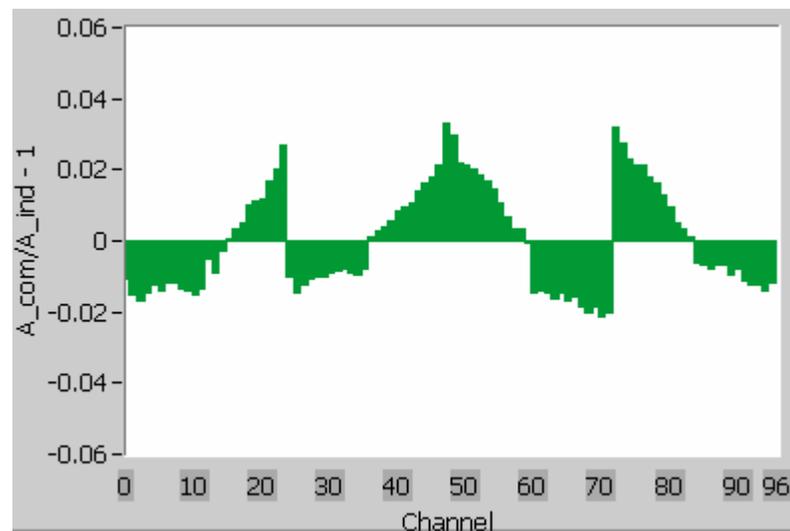
results from the RATPAC testbed TB design

The picture of cross talks [ratio of common amplitude (all channels are simultaneously injected with charge) to individual (just particular channel is pulsed) minus 1] for GLINK B is shown.

ASMI of Revision A was connected to the left connector and Rev. B to the right connector of ASMI.

The left (right) ASMI serves the channels 0-47(48-95).

Production Rev. E is very similar to Rev.B, but the effect is a little bigger



Production summary results on RATPAC stand-alone testbed **not ROD**

